

P EXPORT RELATED MEASURES

Export-related measures are measures applied by the government of the exporting country on exported goods.

P1 Export license, quota, prohibition and other quantitative restriction¹

Restrictions to the quantity of goods exported to a specific country or countries by the government of the exporting country for reasons such as: shortage of goods in the domestic market; regulating domestic prices; avoiding antidumping measures; or for political reasons².

P11 Export Prohibition

Prohibition of exports of certain products:

Example: Export of corn is prohibited because of shortage in domestic consumption

P12 Export quotas

Quotas that limit value or volume of exports:

Example: Export quota of beef is established to guarantee adequate supply in the domestic market

P13 Licensing or permit requirements to export

A requirement to obtain licence or permit by the government of the exporting country to export products:

Example: Export of diamond ores are subject to licensing by the Ministry

P14 Export Registration requirements

A requirement to register products before being exported (for monitoring purposes)

Example: Pharmaceutical products need to be registered before being exported

P19 Export quantitative restrictions, n.e.s.

P2 State trading enterprises, for exporting; other selective export channels

P21 State trading enterprises, for exporting

Enterprises (whether or not state-owned or –controlled) with special rights and privileges not available to other entities, which influence through their purchases and sales the level or direction of exports of particular products. (See also H1.)

¹ Trade-related investment measures in the form of export restrictions are included in this category.

² All of these measures are formally prohibited by the GATT 1994, but may be applied under specific situations identified in Article XI of GATT 1994.

Example: An export monopoly board, to take advantage of terms of sale abroad; a marketing board, to promote for export on behalf of a large number of small farmers

P29 Other selective export channels, n.e.s.

P3 Export price control measures

Measures implemented to control the prices of exported products:

Example: Different prices for exports are applied from the same product sold in domestic market (Dual pricing schemes)

P4 Measures on Re-Export

Measures applied by the government of the exporting country on exported goods which have originally been imported from abroad:

Example: Re-export of wines and spirits back to producing country is prohibited: the practice is common in cross-border trade to avoid imposition of domestic excise tax in the producing country.

P5 Export taxes and charges

Taxes collected on exported goods by the government of the exporting country: they can be set either on a specific or an ad valorem basis.

Example: Export duty on crude petroleum is levied for revenue purpose

P6 Export technical measures

Export regulations referring to technical specification of products and conformity assessment systems thereof:

P61 Inspection requirement

Control over the quality or other characteristics of products for export:

Example: Exports of processed food products must be inspected for sanitary conditions.

P62 Certification required by the exporting country

Requirement by the exporting country to obtain sanitary, phytosanitary or other certification before the goods are exported

Example: Export of live animals must carry individual health certificate

P69 Export technical measures, n.e.s.

P7 Export subsidies

Financial contribution by a government or public body, or via government entrustment or direction of a private body (direct or potential direct transfer of funds: e.g., grant, loan, equity infusion, guarantee; government revenue foregone; provision

of goods or services or purchase of goods; payments to a funding mechanism), or income or price support, which confers a benefit and is contingent in law or in fact upon export performance (whether solely or as one of several conditions), including measures illustrated in Annex I of the Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures and measures described in the Agreement on Agriculture.

Example: All manufacturers in Country A are exempt from income tax on their export profits.

P8 **Export credits**

P9 **Export measures n.e.s.**